Mould Toxicity

& the Impact on Mental Health

Integrative
Pers@nalised
Medicine 23

29 June - 1 July 2023 • London UK





Mould Facts

Natural function of fungi ~ compost/recycle

Excrete 1° and 2° metabolites ~ inhaled, ingested, and absorbed through skin

1° metabolites ~ necessary for survival aldehydes, alcohols, odors, digestive enzymes, and structural elements (ie: beta-glucans)

2° metabolites ~ competitive antimicrobials, mycotoxins energetically expensive for the mould to make





Tenacious

Moisture ~ 1° element for growth, 2° is organic substrate

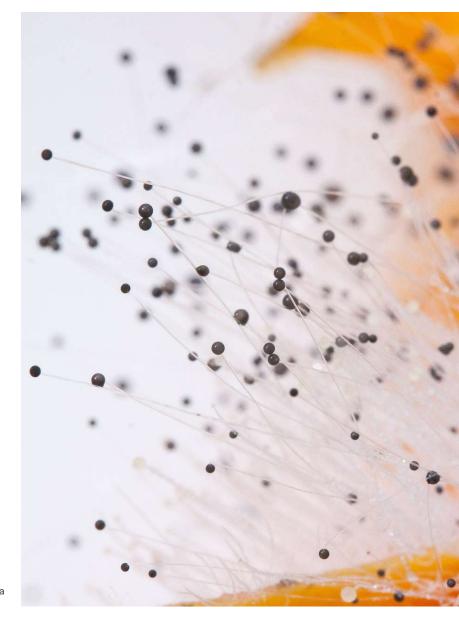
Obvious or visible water not necessary

Relative humidity above 50% promotes growth

Grows on WD surface within 24-48 hours

Difficult to kill ~ any intact spore is dormant, not dead (a dead spore is a fragment)

Spore formation and release increases more when drying than when wet (survival of species)





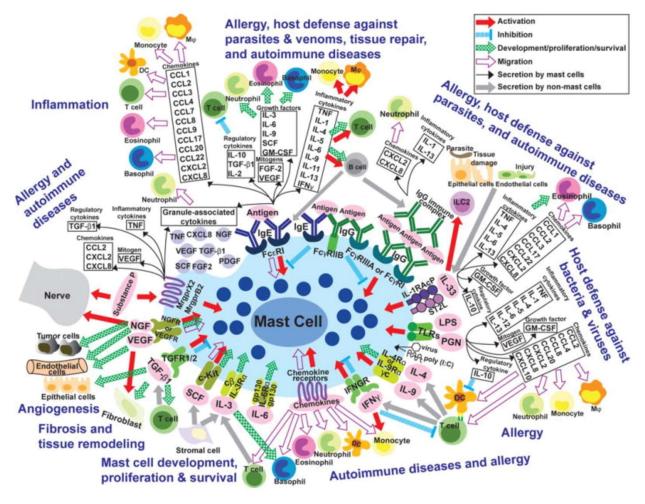
More Than Spore Illness

Spores

IgE | Allergic rhinitis, asthma, hypersensitivity pneumonitis (CDC)
Non-IgE | Non-IgE mediated Asthma exacerbation (CDC)
Infection | Aspergillosis (CDC)
Mast cell | Recruitment, degranulation, enhanced survival



Figure 1





Highly simplified overview of the diverse stimuli and potential consequences of mast cell activation and secretion of cytokines, chemokines and growth factors

PMID: 29431212

Mast Cells & The Gut

Mast cells are differently differentiated by tissue and reason for recruitment

Dr. Theoharides - "the gateway to inflammation in the body"

MUCH more than, and not always, histamine ~ may release cytokines and other inflammatory mediators without ever releasing histamine

Symptoms related to eating ~

Post-prandial flushing

Post-prandial fatigue

Post-prandial brain fog

Post-prandial drop in bp

Gastroparesis

GI: heartburn, N/V, constipation, diarrhea

Food avoidances related to histamine concentration, esp left-overs



PMID: 19527167, 19201896, 29431211

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Fragments

"Mould-othelioma"

Other Mould Dangers

Chemicals | VOCs, aldehydes, alcohols, MPA Mycotoxins | Colonization

Biofilm

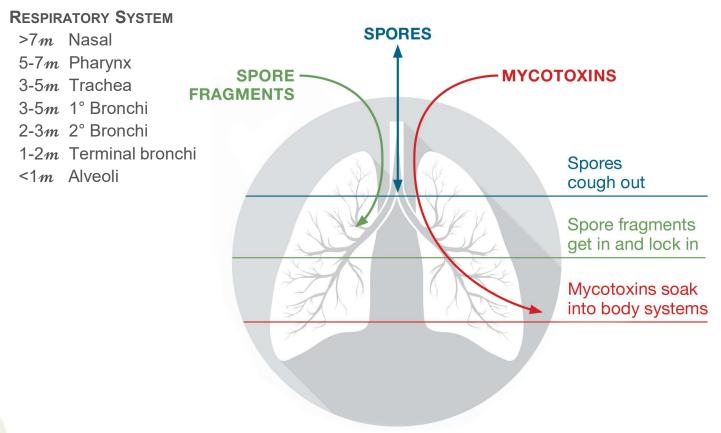
Water-damage=increased microbial diversity (ie: actinomycetes, endotoxin)

Quorum behavior



PMID: 24368325, 20537281, 24368325, 23710148

Respiratory System vs Mould



Mould

Spores-

Cladosporium 3-5m

Aspergillus 2-5m

Penicillium 1-5_m

Fragments-

1-2*m*

Mycotoxins-

0.1*m*

Mycotoxins

Aflatoxin

Aspergillus flavus, A. parasiticus

Chaetoglobosin A,C

Chaetomium globosum

Citrinin

Aspergillus, Penicillium, Monascus

Enniatin B₁

Fusarium spp

Gliotoxin

Aspergillus fumigatus, Candida spp

Ochratoxin A

A. ochraseus, A. niger, Penicillium verrucosum, P. nordicum,

P. chrysogenum

Patulin

Aspergillus spp, Penicillium spp, Mucor, Fusarium spp

Sterigmatocystin

Precursor of Aflatoxin, A. versicolor

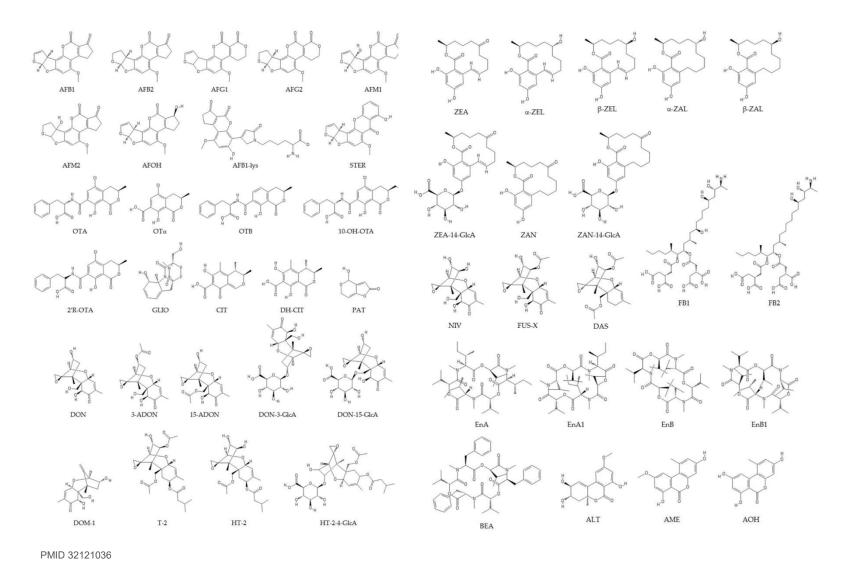
Trichothecenes (Roridin, Verrucarin, Nivalenol, Deoxynivalenol, Diacetoxyscirpenol, Satratoxin)

Stachybotrys chartarum, Trichoderma viridae, Fusarium spp, Myrothecium

Zearalenone

Fusarium spp





On JILL CRISTA™ NATUROPATHIC DOCTOR

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Mycotoxins

Lipophilic

Immunotoxic

Neurotoxic

Alimentary toxic

Dermatoxic

Nephrotoxic

Hepatotoxic

Hepatocarcinogenic

Genotoxic

Teratogenic

Carcinogenic

PMID: 26474839, 27178040, 25449202,12221236, 26600019









Spores



Fragments



Chemicals



Mycotoxins



What Explains Symptom Persistence?

Occupational studies ~

Coin flip: ~50/50 persister/recovered

Do they stay symptomatic out of the building?

*likely different stats for home exposure

CFS study ~

Normal controls: +fungus, -mycotoxins

CFS pts from WDB: +fungus, +mycotoxins

Damp or WDB exposure is the key Mould is the trigger Colonization is the result

PMID: 23580077 Brewer et al, Detection of mycotoxins in patients with chronic fatigue syndrome





Colonization

Dysbiotic biomes

A continuum ~

If susceptible and/or sufficient exposure duration → Mycotoxins trigger protective mechanism → Conversion of healthy microbiome to pathogenic biofilm → First mucosal then total body fungal burden

Fungi family takes advantage (ie: chronic, subacute candidiasis)

Affects all mucosa/mucocutanous (GI, resp, bladder, vaginal, skin)

Once recovered, mycotoxins can trigger old pattern

Rationale for effectiveness of antifungals w/o infection Dx



Biomes, BBB, and OCD

Imbalance in the gut and oropharyngeal microbiomes seen in OCD Increase of bacteria from the Rikenellaceae family ~ associated with gut inflammation

Decrease of bacteria from the Coprococcus genus ~ associated with DOPAC synthesis

During dysbiosis, gut-brain axis pathways are dysregulated and associated with altered permeability of the BBB and neuroinflammation

Neurodegeneration and the microbiome:

MS-twin study ~ FMT from MS-affected twin into mice promoted the dz

in vivo vs FMT of twin unaffected by MS

PMID: 35087123, 33362788, 28893994



Lung Microbiome Effect on the Brain

There's a tight interconnection between the lung microbiota and the immune reactivity of the brain.

A dysregulation in the lung microbiome significantly influenced the susceptibility of rats to developing autoimmune disease of the CNS.

Shifting the microbiota towards LPS-enriched phyla induces a type-l-interferon-primed state in brain-resident microglial cells.

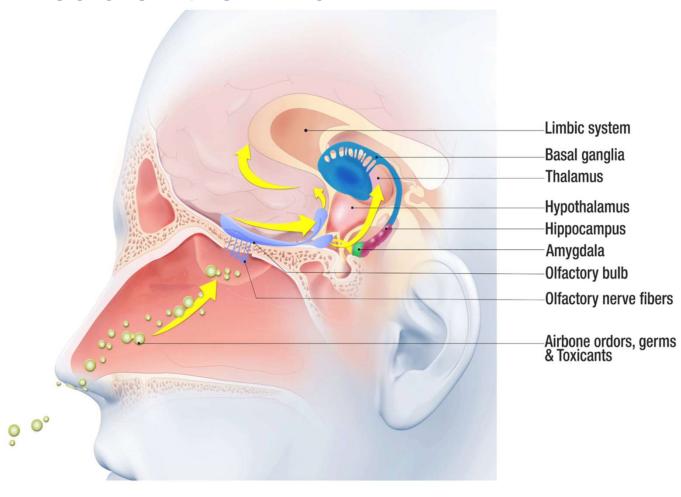
Damp and WDBs modify the lung microbiome.

PMID: 35197636, 35417673, 35197592, 32140452, 19793773



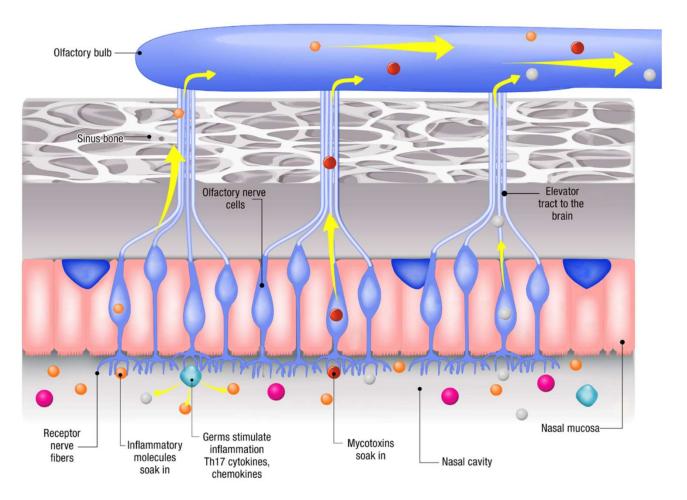


Mould on the Mind





Olfactory Bulb: "Elevator" to the Brain





Multisystem Multisymptom

More common than not that each person in an exposure environment has a completely different presentation.

Every living being is affected.

Depends on type of mould, presence of mycotoxins, duration and dose of exposure, and individual susceptibility.





Comparative Study > J Assoc Off Anal Chem. 1983 Nov;66(6):1485-99.

Analysis for Fusarium toxins in various samples implicated in biological warfare in Southeast Asia

C J Mirocha, R A Pawlosky, K Chatterjee, S Watson, W Hayes

PMID: 6643363

Abstract

Samples of leaves, water, cereal grains, soil, and yellow powder as well as blood, urine, and body tissues from chemical warfare victims were analyzed for Fusarium toxins by using gas chromatography and mass spectrometry. The leaves, water, and yellow powder samples contained various combinations of T-2 toxin, diacetoxyscirpenol, deoxynivalenol, nivalenol, and zearalenone in concentrations ranging from trace (1.0 ppb) amounts to 143 ppm. These trichothecenes do not occur naturally on the substrates described and were correlated with the so-called "yellow rain" chemical attacks against Hmong people in Southeast Asia. Analysis of leaves, soil, water, and cereals collected in areas adjacent to but apart from the area where chemical attacks had been staged did not contain any Fusarium toxins. Moreover, T-2 and HT-2 toxins were found in human blood, urine, and body tissues (heart, esophagus, kidney, lung, and large intestine) of alleged victims. In addition, diacetoxyscirpenol was found in the kidney of one person who had died.

Mycotoxins have a long history of use as a biological warfare weapon.

"Yellow rain" T-2 toxin use against the Hmong people in Southeast Asia. So, yes, they affect everyone.



Mould & Neurological Health

Anxiousness

Visual processing issues

Depression

Cognitive difficulties (brain fog)

Difficulty with concentration

H/As and migraine

Dizziness/vertigo

Tinnitus

Incoordination

Dysautonomia

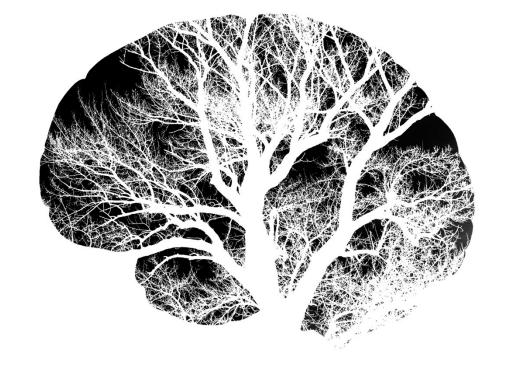
Insomnia

Neuropathies

Dementia

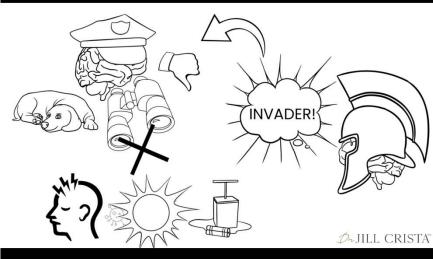
Tremor

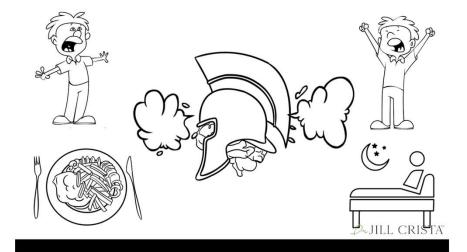
Autoimmune encephalopathies (PANS/PANDAS)

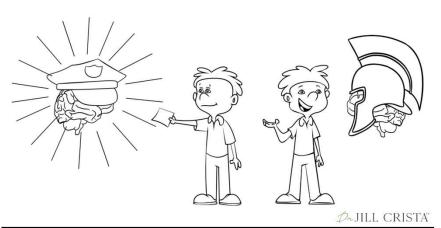














CATEGORY I:

GENERAL:	EENT:	CARDIOVASCULAR:	
☐ Fatigue that doesn't otherwise	☐ Allergies/hay fever year-round	☐ Easy bruising	
make sense	☐ Eye irritation	☐ Heart palpitations	
☐ Trouble sleeping	☐ Dark circles under eyes	□ Lower extremity edema	
☐ Worse after eating	☐ Floaters in your visio	□ Protruding veins on limbs	
☐ Worse after exercise	☐ Vision blurry, frequently		
☐ Increased thirst	changes, or difficulty reading	DIGESTIVE:	
☐ Stubborn weight gain	☐ Sneezing or persistent runny	□ Nausea	
☐ Anemia	nose	☐ Bloated abdomen or flatulence	
	\square Acute sense of smell for mold	☐ Unexplained change in	
SENSITIVITY:	☐ Recent sinusitis	digestion/bowels	
□ Bothered by tags and seams	□ Ears feel plugged or clogged	☐ Recent change in appetite	
on clothing	☐ Itchy or sore ear canals	☐ Crave carbs, sweets, or alcohol	
☐ Chemical sensitivities	☐ Sores in the mouth		
☐ Sensitive to light, sound, or	☐ Post-nasal drip or frequent	GENITOURINARY:	
touch	throat clearing	Overactive bladder	
HEAD/MIND:	☐ Chronically sore throat	□ Bladder infections	
Slowed thinking or brain fog	☐ Coated tongue		
Unsettled feeling, unquieted		SKIN:	
mind, overwhelm	RESPIRATORY:	☐ Skin rash, redness or flushing	
Headaches	☐ Easily irritated lungs		T - I CATTOONY I I
Dizziness, vertigo, or drunken	☐ Episodic cough	IMMUNE:	Total CATEGORY I boxes checked :
feeling	☐ Shortness of breath, air hunger,	☐ Frequent infections or delayed	0 - 4 symptoms = Score 0
Unexplained mood changes, anxiety, or depression	or yawn/sigh often	recovery from colds	5 - 7 symptoms = Score I
		MUSCULOSKELETAL:	8 - 10 symptoms = Score 2
			II+ symptoms = Score 3
		☐ Increased body pain	11. symptoms – Score 3



ENTER CATEGORY | SCORE : _____

CATEGORY 2:

CENERAL.	D ECDID ATODY.	CENITOLIBINIARY.	
GENERAL:	RESPIRATORY:	GENITOURINARY:	
☐ Voice sounds nasally	☐ Asthma or wheezing	☐ Unexplained menstrual	
☐ Frequent or strong static	☐ Chronic cough	changes	
shocks	☐ Burning lungs	☐ Bacterial vaginosis	
☐ Histamine intolerance		☐ Kidney pain or swelling	
□ Non-obstructive sleep apnea	CARDIOVASCULAR:		
☐ React poorly to musty spaces	☐ Episodes of fast heart beat	SKIN:	
	☐ Chest pain	☐ Itchy or burning skin	
SENSITIVITY:	☐ Low platelets	□ Peeling or sloughing skin	
☐ Sensitivity to EMFs	_ zon platelets	☐ Raynaud's syndrome	
	DIGESTIVE:	☐ Eczema or psoriasis	
HEAD/MIND:	☐ Increased food sensitivities	•	
☐ Migraines		IMMUNE:	
☐ Difficulty thinking clearly or	☐ Frequent vomiting	☐ Epstein-Barr virus activation	
memory loss	☐ Irritable bowel or alternating		
☐ Confusion or disorientation	constipation/diarrhea	MUSCULOSKELETAL:	
Confusion of disorientation	☐ Digestive ulcer or blood in the stool	☐ Slow reflexes	
FENIT.		☐ Balance issues or	
EENT:	☐ Celiac or non-celiac intestinal disease	incoordination	
☐ Allergies are not well-		☐ Joints easily injured	
controlled by medication	☐ Fatty liver		Total CATEGORY 2 boxes checked:
☐ Chronic sinusitis	☐ Liver pain or swelling	□ New or worsening nerve pain, numbness or tingling	0.0
☐ Nose bleeds			0 - 2 symptoms = Score 0
☐ Ear ringing or ear pain that's		☐ Muscle weakness or spasm	3 - 5 symptoms = Score I
new or worsening			6 - 8 symptoms = Score 2
			9+ symptoms = Score 3
			7. symptoms – Score 3



ENTER CATEGORY 2 SCORE : _____

CATEGORY 3:

GENERAL:	RESPIRATORY		
 □ Current exposure to mold □ Previous exposure to damp, musty or water-damaged building any time in your life □ Mold allergy 	 □ Asthma that's difficult to control with medication □ Lung scarring or nodules □ Pulmonary Edema □ Idiopathic Pulmonary Fibrosis 	 □ IgA nephropathy, nephrotic syndrome, nephritis, or other kidney disease □ Kidney cancer 	
☐ Abnormal reaction to medications or supplements	☐ Respiratory distress or Idiopathic pneumonitis	SKIN:	
 □ Autism or sensory processing disorde □ Chronic fatigue syndrome □ Chronic inflammatory response syndrome (CIRS) or positive Shoemaker tests 	 ☐ Lung cancer ☐ CARDIOVASCULAR: ☐ Arrhythmia ☐ Coagulation abnormalities ☐ Arteriovenous abnormality 	 □ Recurrent yeast infections or fungal skin infections, including athlete's foot, jock itch or yeast vaginitis □ Erythema nodosum □ Toenail fungus 	
SENSITIVITY:	☐ Churg Strauss Syndrome	IMMUNE:	
☐ Feeling of an internal vibration HEAD/MIND: ☐ Dysautonomia or Postural	DIGESTIVE: Peanut allergy Cyclical vomiting syndrome Eosinophilic esophagitis Non-alcoholic steatohepatitis (NASH) Hepatocellular carcinoma or other liver cancer	 □ Autoimmunity □ Mast cell activation syndrome (MCAS) □ Aspergillosis, current or history of □ Previous or current cancer diagnosis, not otherwise specified □ Aplastic anemia □ Sarcoidosis 	
prescription, or Neti pot Nasal polyps Sinus surgery at any time in your life Hearing loss MARCONS Oral thrush	☐ Infertility ☐ Chronic pelvic pain ☐ Interstitial cystitis ☐ History of kidney stones ☐ Reduced GFR (glomerular filtration rate)	MUSCULOSKELETAL: Hypermobility or Ehlers- Danlos syndrome Tremors or tics Difficulty walking	Total CATEGORY 3 boxes checked : Score I for each box checked. Total items checked and the Category Score will be the same for this category. ENTER CATEGORY 3 SCORE :
☐ Hearing loss☐ MARCoNS	☐ History of kidney stones☐ Reduced GFR (glomerular	☐ Tremors or tics	- 1



TOTAL MOLD RISK RESULTS

Gather your	Category	Scores	from	the 3	previous	categories.
outilet /out	ourcego. /	000.00			promode	carego. ico.

CATEGORY I SCORE:	
CATEGORY 2 SCORE:	
CATEGORY 3 SCORE:	<u> </u>

Add Category Scores together to calculate your total mold risk.

TOTAL MOLD RISK_

0 - 4 = Not Likely Mold-Related Illness

5 - 9 = Possible Mold-Related Illness

Probable Mold- or Biotoxin-Related Illness 10+ =

OTHER THINGS TO CONSIDER:

Lyme Disease, MSIDS, Tick-Borne Co-Infections (Use HOROWITZ MSIDS-LYME QUESTIONNAIRE) Other environmental toxins (IE: glyphosate, mercury, lead, PM2.5, VOCs, etc.) Intestinal parasites Chronic viral syndromes or other stealth infections

Food sensitivities

CVIDS or immunodeficiency syndromes



Research Study

MoldIQ

Welcome!

Thank you for participating in the Mold Illness Questionnaire (MoldIQ) Research Initiative. The purpose of this research is to gather meaningful clinical data regarding mold-related illness, with the goal of publishing the findings in peer-reviewed medical journals. This research has the potential to inform the design of future studies looking into the effects of indoor mold exposure on humans, with a focus on developing accepted treatments.

If you take part in this study, you will be asked to:

- Complete a symptom questionnaire
- Answer questions about your living space
- Submit digital copies of certain laboratory results



The survey will take about 5 minutes to complete.





The Paths of the Mycotoxin

In damp or WDB exposure ~
Inspiration
Absorption through respiratory capillaries
Carried via blood to Liver & Kidney
Kidney - filtration to urine
Liver - binds to bile and delivers to gut

Excess absorbed into lipid-rich tissue

Ingested mycotoxins ~
May remain unbound in lumen





Assessments

Direct Tests ~
Urine mycotoxin (LC-MS method)
Stool microbial assay +yeasts

Indirect Tests ~ Visual Contrast Sensitivity (vcstest.com) Serum IgE/G *mycotoxin* antibody IgE/G mould spore antibody (standard) Urine mycotoxin (ELISA method) CBC:

↓WBC, relative lymphopenia

↑NLR, microcytic anemia

Vit D (↓25-OH and ↑1,25)

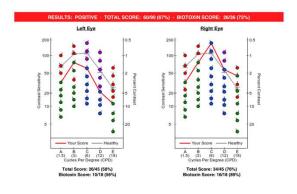
Liver function - esp ↑GGT

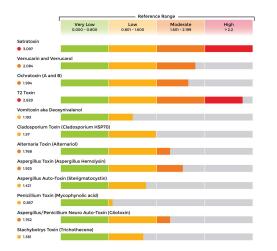
↓NK cell *function* with ↓ or normal NK cell total

↑MMP-9 (mast cell correlate)

Organic Acids Urine Test

NeuroQuant (1 neuro sxs)



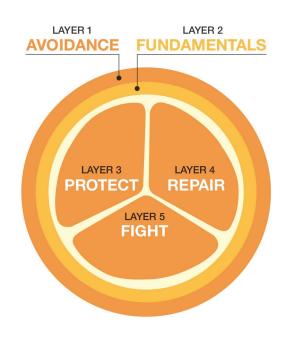






Peel The Orange

- **1** AVOIDANCE
- **2** FUNDAMENTALS
- **3 PROTECT**
- 4 REPAIR
- 5 FIGHT





The First 3 Steps of Toxin-based Illnesses

- 1. Avoidance
- 2. Avoidance
- 3. Avoidance



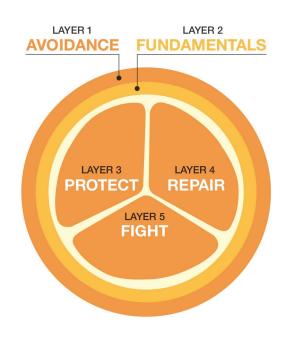
Avoiding Avoidance





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What NOT To Eat

AVOID

FOODS FIRST TIER

Sweets of any kind

Dried fruits

Leavened bread

Yeast

Simple carbohydrates

Baked goodies

Mushrooms

Corn

Potatoes

Pickles & pickled foods

Vinegar

Soy sauce

Cantaloupe

Grapes

Aged cheeses

Moldy cheeses

Peanuts

Peanut butter



What NOT To Eat or Drink

AVOID

FOODS SECOND TIER

All fruit

Starchy vegetables

All grains

Fermented foods

Shelled nuts

Condiments made with vinegar or sugar

Sour cream or other soured milk products

AVOID

BEVERAGES

ANY sweetened beverage

Fruit juice

Oolong and black tea (partially fermented)

Moldy coffee (check that your company has independent testing)

Alcoholic beverages

Fermented beverages, such as cider, kombucha



What TO Eat to Protect

EAT!

PROTECTIVE FOODS

Colorful vegetables (eat more veggies than fruit)

- Beets, artichoke, asparagus, radishes (helps the liver)
- Broccoli, Brussel sprouts (detox via sulfurophanes)
- Tomatoes (lycopene neutralizes mycotoxins)
- Cabbage (helps your intestines)
- Celery, cucumber (helps kidneys with water balance)
- Bitter greens such as arugula, broccoli rabe, endive, watercress, kale, dandelion greens (detox mycotoxins)

Colorful fruits (eat more veggies than fruit)

Beef liver (use organic only)

Essential fats:

- Avocado
- Olives
- Olive oil
- Fresh seeds and nuts
- Eggs
- Fish

Yogurt (rebalance flora)

Butter (heal intestinal lining)

Healing spices:

- Curry (turmeric)
- Parsley



What TO Eat to Fight Mould

EAT!

MOLD FIGHTING FOODS

Garlic

Onions

Scallions

Chives

Leeks

EAT!

MOLD FIGHTING SPICES

Clove

Cumin

Rosemary

Sage

Thyme

Oregano

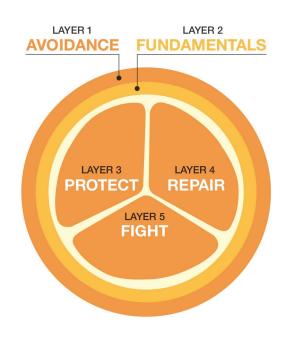
Basil

Bay leaf



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The Essence of Protect & Repair

Provide an "oil change" by binding mycotoxin-laden bile and replacing with Copious Clean Correct fats (PC, EFAs, CoQ10)

"The solution to pollution is dilution"

Dr. Walter Crinnion

Restore fat-soluble nutrients (ADEK)

Bioflavonoids - eat the "rainbow"

Support systems of detoxification

Restore immune depletion





Bioflavonoids Before Binders

Allows detox via urine over stool

Protects the organs of detoxification - don't forget the kidneys!

IE: Ochratoxin ~ the "persister mycotoxin" high affinity binding to albumin

∴ kidneys (first line of detox) can't clear it

Leads to tissue accumulation in kidney and gut interstitium

Bioflavonoids (esp Astaxanthin) denature Ochratoxin from albumin to allow for clearance, sparing the kidneys from damage





My First Step Binders

Food!

Insoluble fiber ~ proven toxin removers, bile binders psyllium husk, flax, chia, brans

SIBO safe food binders ~ 1st phase, biphasic diet Sunflower seeds Pumpkin seeds Sesame seeds

Dose ~
Start low & go slow
1/8 tsp qd with largest meal
titrate up to 2-5gm/day

NO BINDERS IF BOUND UP





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Vitamin D

Lab-measured levels correlate inversely with anxiety and depression

Mold: Vit D receptor significantly downmodulated in intestine & kidney after aflatoxin exposure

Promotes lung tissue repair in *particleinduced pulmonary injury* (#fragments, #lung biome)

Dose to lab levels
Goal 25-OH Vit D >60 ng/mL
Emulsified best, esp if cholecystectomy
Oral (daily-weekly), IM

PMID: 34684344, 30698894, 25483621, 25912039, 26404359, 18569389





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Turmeric (Curcuma longa)

longa)
Neuroprotective effects by influencing the "microbiota-gut-brain axis"

Antioxidant, hepatoprotective, nephroprotective, epigenetic protection

Amelioration of aflatoxin-induced effects by increasing availability of GSH

Provides protection against toxic effects of mycotoxins on liver & kidney

Dose: 350mg qd-tid, start low,

titrate slowly

Cautions: inhibits cytp450

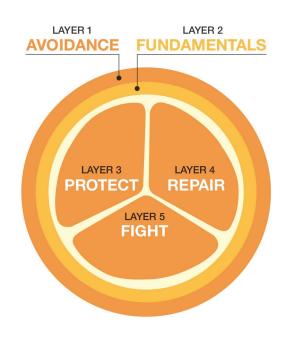
PMID: 31614630, 25639897, 26450181, 29034472





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Fight = Antifungals

Goal ~ reset the body's biomes

Fungal overgrowth is the fire

Mycotoxins are the smoke

Put out the fire or you'll have to keep mopping up smoke in depleted pts (why binders alone are not sufficient in colonized patients)

Tx until there's no more evidence of smoke (mycotoxins)

Biofilm often a resistance factor





Systemic + Intranasal Antifungals

Reduces recalcitrance

Reduces fungal resistance

Reduces mast cell related symptoms ~ combine with prokinetic if significant MCAS or SIBO combine with anti-histamines if significant MCAS

Systemic treatment factors ~
Health status of patient
Infection vs colonization
Location

Botanical medicines can offer effective but less harmful systemic treatment options

Don't be afraid to combine herbs+Rx, many reduce Rx resistance





Holy Basil (Ocimum sanctum)

Ayurvedic - Tulsi, taken traditionally as tea

Antifungal, antibiotic, antioxidant, antiparasitic

Affinity for lungs & mind*

Significantly inhibited cell adhesion/invasion

Shown to detox aflatoxin

Significantly inhibited activities of MMP-9

Action against fluconazole resistance

Dose ~

Tea: 4 cups daily

Steep covered to retain e.o.'s

Extract: 550mg leaf extract qd-bid

PMID: 20233602, 27471501, 20161958, 27274752





Rosemary (Rosmarinus officinale)

Long history of use and benefits in mental health

NLRP3 inflammasome implicated in OCD, psych disorders

Rosmarinic Acid inhibition of the NLRP3 inflammasome exerts antioxidant, anti-inflammatory, and neuroprotective effects

Antifungal and antimycotoxigenic activity against multiple mold species

Dose ~

Liquid glycerite: 1/4 tsp tid

Capsule: 350mg bid

Also consider essential oil topical applications

PMID: 31644378, 25053064, 29318480, 35052628





Intranasal Options

Reduce fungal growth
Reduce mycotoxin production
Safe to use long-term



ESSENTIAL OILS

- Cedar leaf (Thuja plicata) broad spectrum antimicrobial
- •Rosemary leaf (Rosmarinus officinalis)
- Ajwain seed (Trachyspermum copticum)
- Holy Basil leaf (Ocimum basilicum)
- •Cumin seed (Cuminum cyminum)
- •Tea tree (Maleleuca alternifolia)
- •Thyme leaf (Thymus vulgaris) Use organic, inhalation grade



PMID: 22408584,18190993, 27275253, 24624154, 27211664, 17209812, PMC4483703

Comprehensive Plan

Avoidance avoidance

Diet diet diet

Bioflavonoids

Good fats

Bile movement

Fiber binding

Detox + mitochondrial support

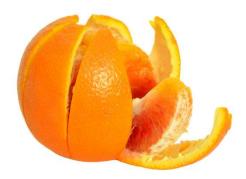
Immune support

Antifungals





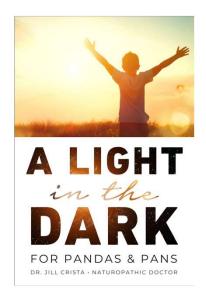
Orange Half Peeled?

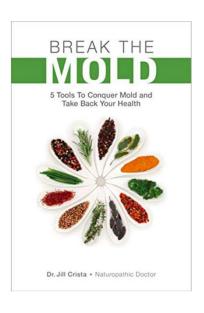


must get out of mold to fully heal

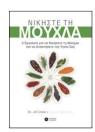


Helpful Resources





Greek



Chinese



Polish



German





Education

For the public ~





For medical practitioners ~





